



Earnings Presentation

Q2 2021 Results

July 27, 2021

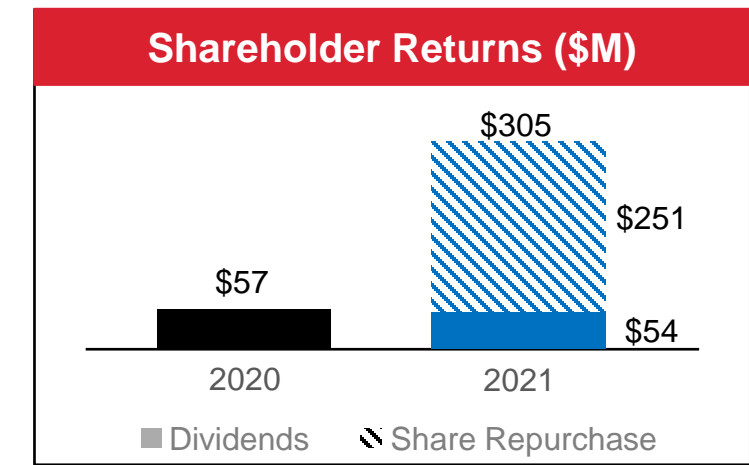
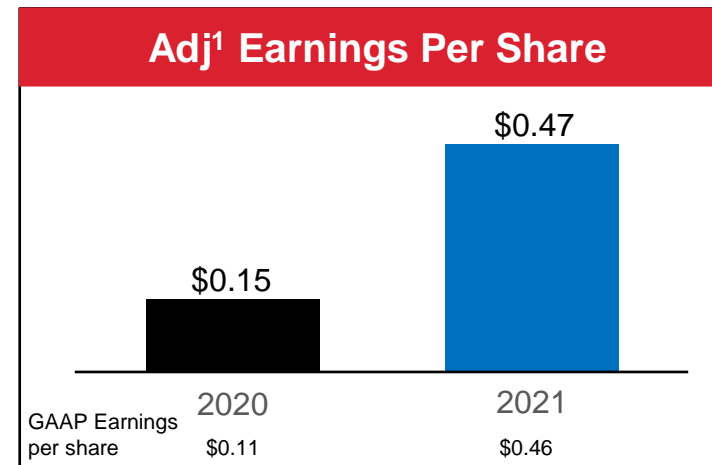
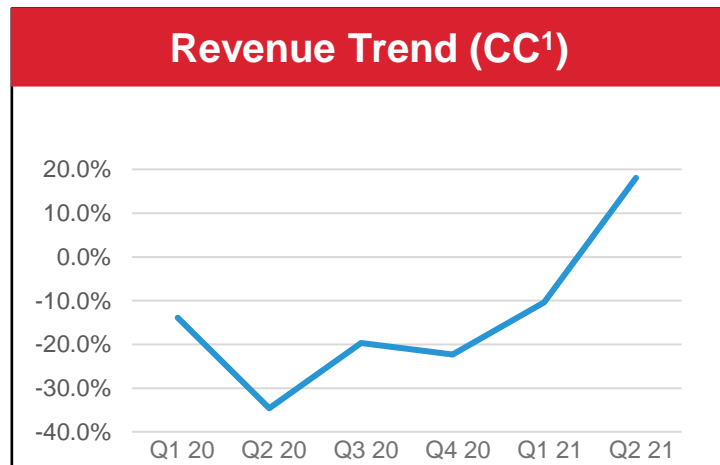
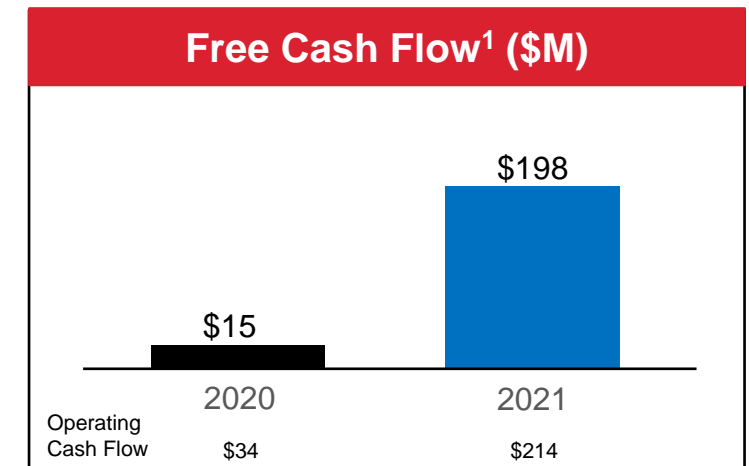
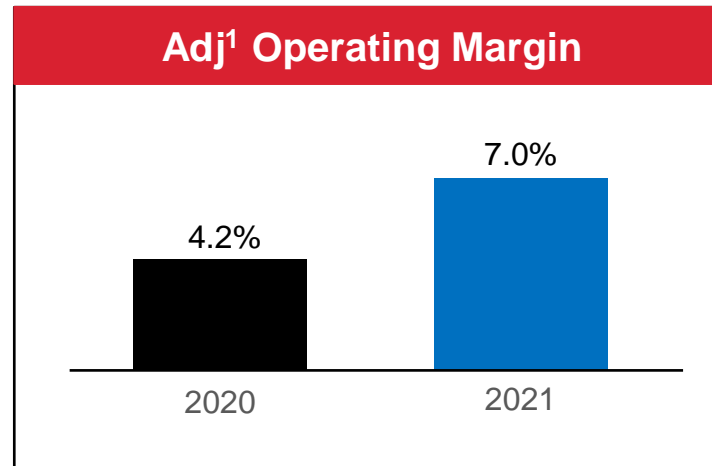
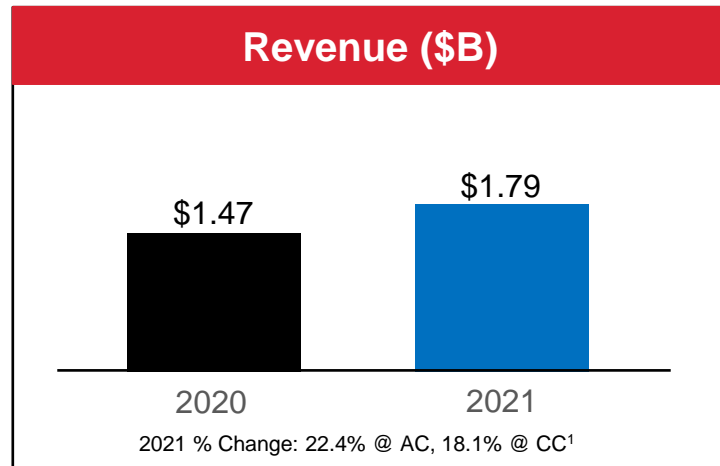
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Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation, and other written or oral statements made from time to time by management contain “forward-looking statements” as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words “anticipate”, “believe”, “estimate”, “expect”, “intend”, “will”, “should”, “targeting”, “projecting”, “driving” and similar expressions, as they relate to us, our performance and/or our technology, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management’s current beliefs, assumptions and expectations and are subject to a number of factors that may cause actual results to differ materially. Such factors include but are not limited to: the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our and our customers' businesses and the duration and extent to which this will impact our future results of operations and overall financial performance; our ability to address our business challenges in order to reverse revenue declines, reduce costs and increase productivity so that we can invest in and grow our business; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; changes in economic and political conditions, trade protection measures, licensing requirements and tax laws in the United States and in the foreign countries in which we do business; the imposition of new or incremental trade protection measures such as tariffs and import or export restrictions; changes in foreign currency exchange rates; our ability to successfully develop new products, technologies and service offerings and to protect our intellectual property rights; the risk that multi-year contracts with governmental entities could be terminated prior to the end of the contract term and that civil or criminal penalties and administrative sanctions could be imposed on us if we fail to comply with the terms of such contracts and applicable law; the risk that partners, subcontractors and software vendors will not perform in a timely, quality manner; actions of competitors and our ability to promptly and effectively react to changing technologies and customer expectations; our ability to obtain adequate pricing for our products and services and to maintain and improve cost efficiency of operations, including savings from restructuring actions; the risk that confidential and/or individually identifiable information of ours, our customers, clients and employees could be inadvertently disclosed or disclosed as a result of a breach of our security systems due to cyber attacks or other intentional acts; reliance on third parties, including subcontractors, for manufacturing of products and provision of services; the exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union; our ability to manage changes in the printing environment and expand equipment placements; interest rates, cost of borrowing and access to credit markets; funding requirements associated with our employee pension and retiree health benefit plans; the risk that our operations and products may not comply with applicable worldwide regulatory requirements, particularly environmental regulations and directives and anti-corruption laws; the outcome of litigation and regulatory proceedings to which we may be a party; any impacts resulting from the restructuring of our relationship with Fujifilm Holdings Corporation; and the shared services arrangements entered into by us as part of Project Own It. Additional risks that may affect Xerox’s operations and other factors that are set forth in the “Risk Factors” section, the “Legal Proceedings” section, the “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” section and other sections of Xerox Holdings Corporation’s and Xerox Corporation’s combined 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as in Xerox Holdings Corporation's and Xerox Corporation's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation or as of the date to which they refer, and Xerox assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events or developments, except as required by law.

Q2 2021 Key Financial Measures



¹ Adjusted Measures, Free Cash Flow and Constant Currency (CC): see Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

Strategic Initiatives to Transform Xerox



Optimize operations for simplicity

- Continuously improve our operating model for greater efficiency
- Invest in augmented reality and analytics to drive efficiencies
- Reduce complexity and simplify billing and offerings



Drive revenue

- Expand software offerings to transform the service experience
- Scale IT Services and robotic process automation in the SMB market
- Grow XFS as a global payment solutions business



Re-energize the innovation engine

- Commercialize 3D and IoT solutions
- Leverage \$250 million corporate venture capital fund to bolster innovation
- Embed PARC's AI technology into new and existing software offerings



Focus on cash flow and increasing capital returns

- Generate at least \$500 million of free cash flow¹
- Deploy excess capital for strategic M&A
- Opportunistic share repurchases

¹ Free Cash Flow: see Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

Frequently Asked Questions

Global Macro

How do you expect the ongoing pandemic to impact your business in the second half of 2021?

We have seen a strong correlation between return-to-office trends and print volumes, as rising vaccination rates result in greater levels of in-office work. Overall, page volumes increased slightly in Q2 compared to Q1, consistent with the beginning of a gradual return to in-office work in our largest geographies. Our plan assumes a modest return of employees to offices in Q3, with most employees working in-office by the end of the year. Accordingly, we expect improvements in equipment sales and print volumes to continue in the second half of 2021.

Supply Chain

What is the impact of global supply chain disruption on your business?

There are two primary impacts on our business. First, we are seeing increased freight and delivery costs, which we anticipate will continue to be a short-term gross margin headwind, though we are taking actions to offset the financial impact from both a price and cost perspective. Second, component shortages have impacted the supply of certain products. We are working with current and alternative suppliers to mitigate any potential disruption to our customers.

Guidance

Based on first half results, has your outlook for the full year changed?

We remain confident in our revenue and cash flow guidance. Even with supply constraints, we expect to gain share and grow equipment sales. We also expect improvement in post sale revenue as more businesses come back to the office and we execute on our strategy to grow our IT Services and Software businesses. In Q2, we increased investments in our operations and our targeted growth areas while generating greater free cash flow. Our reaffirmed full-year cash flow guidance reflects our commitment to continue funding initiatives that will return Xerox to long-term growth.

Business Strategy Update

What progress have you made monetizing the XFS, Software and Innovation businesses in Q2?

We created Eloque, a joint venture with the Victorian (AU) government, to commercialize PARC's Industrial IoT technology to reduce infrastructure maintenance costs and prevent catastrophes. The Victorian government committed \$50 million (AUD) to utilize the solution for its road and railway bridges, and we are engaging infrastructure managers in other countries about deploying the technology globally. Within Software, several blue chip companies started utilizing CareAR's Service Experience Management platform. Also, XFS grew originations and its portfolio of leases during the quarter. We look forward to providing more detail on these businesses and their respective monetization roadmaps at our November Investor Day.



Financial Results Summary

(in millions, except per share data)

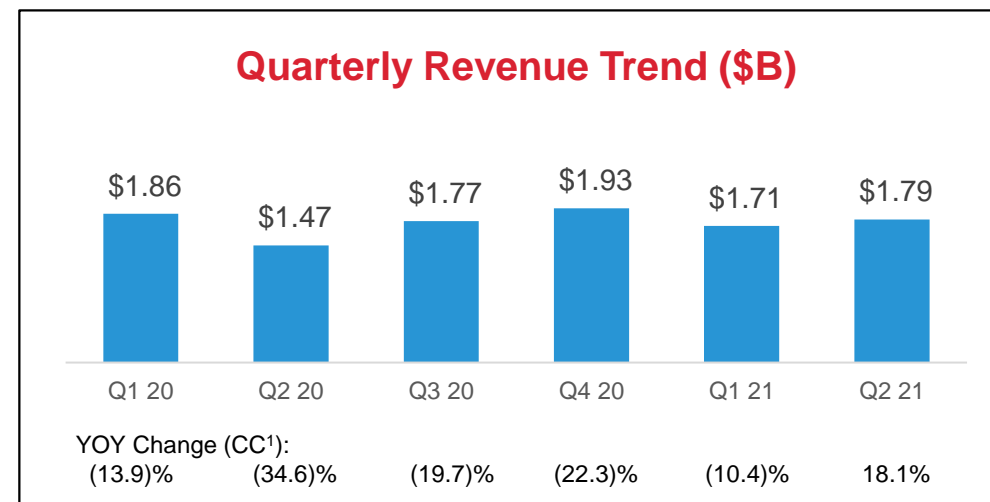
P&L Measures	Q2 2021	B/(W) YOY	% Change YOY
Revenue	\$ 1,793	\$ 328	22.4% AC 18.1% CC ¹
Operating Income – Adjusted ¹	\$ 126	\$ 64	103.2%
Other Expenses, net	\$ 1	\$ 6	NM
Net Income	\$ 91	\$ 64	237.0%
Net Income – Adjusted ¹	\$ 94	\$ 58	161.1%
GAAP Earnings Per Share	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.35	318.2%
EPS – Adjusted ¹	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.32	213.3%

P&L Ratios	Q2 2021	B/(W) YOY
Gross Margin	35.6%	(290) bps
RD&E %	4.4%	80 bps
SAG %	24.2%	490 bps
Operating Margin – Adjusted ¹	7.0%	280 bps
Tax Rate – Adjusted ¹	9.7%	1,370 bps

¹ Adjusted Measures and Constant Currency (CC): see Non-GAAP Financial Measures. Adjusted tax rate includes the benefit from a change in tax law, resulting in the remeasurement of deferred tax assets, of approximately 16%.

Revenue

(in millions)	% Change YOY			
	Q2 2021	% Mix	AC	CC ¹
Equipment	\$ 429	24%	38.4%	34.0%
Post Sale	\$ 1,364	76%	18.1%	13.8%
Total Revenue	\$ 1,793	100%	22.4%	18.1%
Americas	1,133	63%	14.4%	12.7%
EMEA	617	35%	44.2%	33.2%
Other ²	43	2%	(8.5)%	(8.5)%



Installs³ B/(W) YOY

	Q2 2021	
	Color	B&W
Entry A4 MFPs	19%	63%
Mid-Range	62%	36%
High-End	27%	47%

¹ Constant Currency (CC): see Non-GAAP Financial Measures. ² Other total revenue includes sales to FUJIFILM Business Innovation Corp. (formerly Fuji Xerox)(FX) and licensing.

³ Mid-Range and High-End color installations exclude FX digital front-end sales in 2020.

Cash Flow

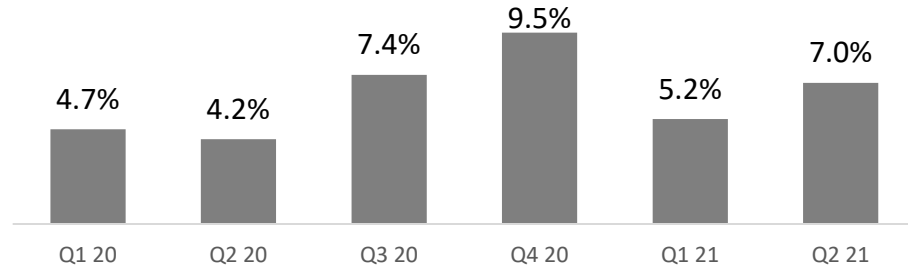
(in millions)	Q2 2021	Q2 2020
Pre-tax Income	\$ 99	\$ 35
Non-Cash Add-Backs ¹	113	133
Restructuring Payments	(22)	(17)
Pension Contributions	(34)	(31)
Working Capital, net ²	(35)	(47)
Change in Finance Assets ³	(60)	74
FX Prepaid Royalty	100	-
Other ⁴	53	(113)
Cash from Operations	\$ 214	\$ 34
Cash used in Investing	\$ (55)	\$ (18)
Cash used in Financing	\$ (429)	\$ (372)
Ending Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash ⁵	\$ 2,203	\$ 2,314
Free Cash Flow⁶	\$ 198	\$ 15

¹ Non-cash add-backs include depreciation & amortization (including equipment on operating lease), provisions, stock-based compensation, defined benefit pension expense, restructuring and asset impairment charges and gain on sales of businesses and assets. ² Working Capital, net includes accounts receivable, accounts payable and inventory. ³ Includes equipment on operating leases (excluding its related depreciation) and finance receivables. ⁴ Includes other current and long-term assets and liabilities, accrued compensation, derivative assets and liabilities, other operating, net, distributions from net income of unconsolidated affiliates and taxes.

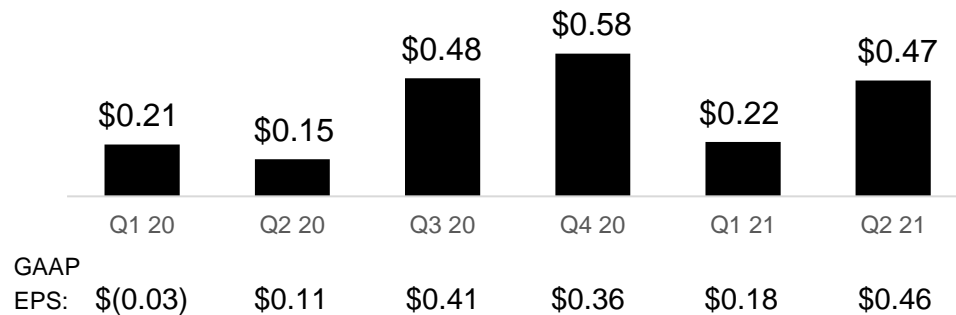
⁵ Includes restricted cash of \$79 million in Q2 2021 and \$42 million in Q2 2020. ⁶ Free Cash Flow: see Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

Profitability and Earnings

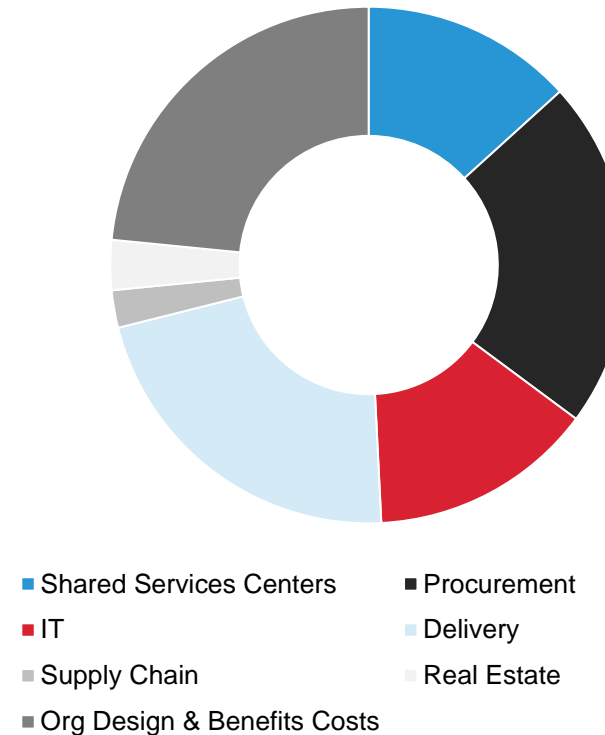
Adjusted¹ Operating Margin



Adjusted¹ EPS



Project Own It



- Project Own It is a multi-year program to simplify our operations and instill a culture of continuous improvement
- Achieved ~\$1.4B of gross cost savings through 2020 since inception
- Remain on track to achieve targeted \$375M gross cost savings in 2021

¹ Adjusted Measures: see Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

Xerox Financial Services (XFS)

XFS Strategy

- Create a global leasing solutions business serving technology, office equipment and adjacent markets
- Growth will be driven by expanding the portfolio, offering vendor financing for a broader array of partner office solutions, software and IT services and OEM partnerships
- Expect portfolio to grow through the remainder of the year

XFS Portfolio

- Increase in XFS assets to \$3.39 billion
- Q2 21 originations grew 7% QoQ and 54% YoY, primarily due to XBS originations
- Leases managed: Over 700,000 equipment leases
- Annualized loss rates: Less than 1.5% of portfolio

Assets and Debt

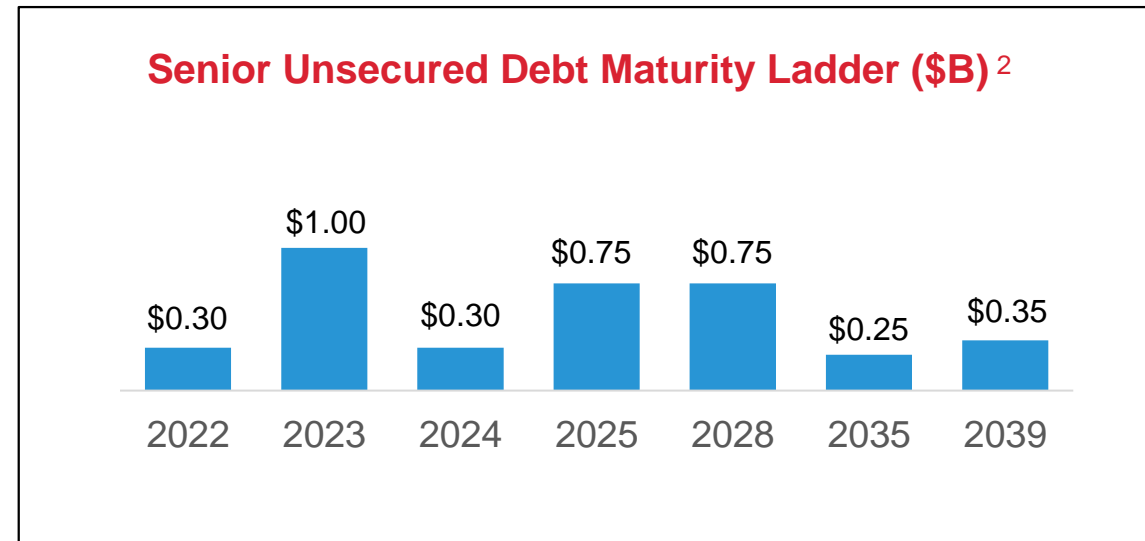
(in millions)	Q2 2021	Q1 2021
Equipment on Operating Leases	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.28
Finance Receivables	3.12	3.07
Total Finance Assets	\$ 3.39	\$ 3.35
XFS Debt	\$ 2.97	\$ 2.94

Leverage

- XFS Debt allocated on a 7:1 ratio of debt to equity on finance assets
- \$2.4 billion of senior unsecured debt and approximately \$0.6 billion of securitization allocated to XFS as of June 30, 2021
- Will increase securitizations to support XFS' growth and improve cost of debt

Capital Structure

Debt and Cash		
(in billions)	Q2 2021	Q4 2020
Total Debt	\$ (4.2)	\$ (4.4)
Less: XFS debt	3.0	3.0
Core Debt	(1.2)	(1.4)
Less: Cash ¹	2.2	2.7
Net Core Cash	\$ 1.0	\$ 1.3



- Ending net core cash of \$1.0B, net core debt of \$1.2B with ending cash of \$2.2B.
- A balanced debt maturity ladder is maintained; near-term bonds allocated to XFS and longer-term bonds support corporate strategy. No senior unsecured debt maturities in 2021; \$300 million to mature in 2022.

¹ Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash.

² Debt payable in 2025 and 2028 was issued by Xerox Holdings Corporation, remaining debt issued by Xerox Corporation.

Summary and 2021 Guidance

Full-Year Guidance

- **Revenue (CC)¹:** At least \$7.2B, ~2.5% growth
- **Free Cash Flow¹:** At least \$500M
- **Shareholder Returns:** At least 50% of annual Free Cash Flow¹

In 2021, our four strategic initiatives—optimize operations for simplicity, drive revenue, reenergize the innovation engine and focus on cash flow and increasing capital returns—remain at the center of what we do to deliver results for all stakeholders.

We see positive trends in demand for our products and services. Increasing equipment sales and print volumes are consistent with a continuing, gradual return to the office in many of our regions and support a favorable outlook for the remainder of the year.

¹ Constant Currency (CC) and Free Cash Flow: see Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

Appendix

Operating Trends – Continuing Operations

(in millions, except EPS)	2019					2020		
	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2
Total Revenue	\$9,066	\$1,860	\$1,465	\$1,767	\$1,930	\$7,022	\$1,710	\$1,793
<i>% Change</i>	(6.2)%	(14.7)%	(35.3)%	(18.9)%	(21.0)%	(22.5)%	(8.1)%	22.4%
<i>CC¹ % Change</i>	(4.7)%	(13.9)%	(34.6)%	(19.7)%	(22.3)%	(22.7)%	(10.4)%	18.1%
Adj¹ Operating Margin	13.1%	4.7%	4.2%	7.4%	9.5%	6.6%	5.2%	7.0%
GAAP EPS (Loss)	\$2.78	\$(0.03)	\$0.11	\$0.41	\$0.36	\$0.84	\$0.18	\$0.46
Adj¹ EPS	\$3.55	\$0.21	\$0.15	\$0.48	\$0.58	\$1.41	\$0.22	\$0.47
Operating Cash Flow	\$1,244	\$173	\$34	\$106	\$235	\$548	\$117	\$214
Free Cash Flow¹	\$1,179	\$150	\$15	\$88	\$221	\$474	\$100	\$198

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We have reported our financial results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). In addition, we have discussed our financial results using the non-GAAP measures described below. We believe these non-GAAP measures allow investors to better understand the trends in our business and to better understand and compare our results. Accordingly, we believe it is necessary to adjust several reported amounts, determined in accordance with GAAP, to exclude the effects of certain items as well as their related income tax effects.

A reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are set forth below.

These non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the Company's reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted Earnings Measures

- Net Income and Earnings per share (EPS)
- Effective Tax Rate

The above measures were adjusted for the following items:

- Restructuring and related costs, net: Restructuring and related costs, net include restructuring and asset impairment charges as well as costs associated with our transformation programs beyond those normally included in restructuring and asset impairment charges. Restructuring consists of costs primarily related to severance and benefits paid to employees pursuant to formal restructuring and workforce reduction plans. Asset impairment includes costs incurred for those assets sold, abandoned or made obsolete as a result of our restructuring actions, exiting from a business or other strategic business changes. Additional costs for our transformation programs are primarily related to the implementation of strategic actions and initiatives and include third-party professional service costs as well as one-time incremental costs. All of these costs can vary significantly in terms of amount and frequency based on the nature of the actions as well as the changing needs of the business. Accordingly, due to that significant variability, we will exclude these charges since we do not believe they provide meaningful insight into our current or past operating performance nor do we believe they are reflective of our expected future operating expenses as such charges are expected to yield future benefits and savings with respect to our operational performance.
- Amortization of intangible assets: The amortization of intangible assets is driven by our acquisition activity which can vary in size, nature and timing as compared to other companies within our industry and from period to period. The use of intangible assets contributed to our revenues earned during the periods presented and will contribute to our future period revenues as well. Amortization of intangible assets will recur in future periods.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (cont'd)

- Transaction and related costs, net: Transaction and related costs, net are costs and expenses primarily associated with certain strategic M&A projects. These costs are primarily for third-party legal, accounting, consulting and other similar type professional services as well as potential legal settlements that may arise in connection with those M&A transactions. These costs are considered incremental to our normal operating charges and were incurred or are expected to be incurred solely as a result of the planned transactions. Accordingly, we are excluding these expenses from our Adjusted Earnings Measures in order to evaluate our performance on a comparable basis.
- Non-service retirement-related costs: Our defined benefit pension and retiree health costs include several elements impacted by changes in plan assets and obligations that are primarily driven by changes in the debt and equity markets as well as those that are predominantly legacy in nature and related to employees who are no longer providing current service to the Company (e.g. retirees and ex-employees). These elements include (i) interest cost, (ii) expected return on plan assets, (iii) amortization of prior plan amendments, (iv) amortized actuarial gains/losses and (v) the impacts of any plan settlements/curtailments. Accordingly, we consider these elements of our periodic retirement plan costs to be outside the operational performance of the business or legacy costs and not necessarily indicative of current or future cash flow requirements. This approach is consistent with the classification of these costs as non-operating in Other expenses, net. Adjusted earnings will continue to include the service cost elements of our retirement costs, which is related to current employee service as well as the cost of our defined contribution plans.
- Other discrete, unusual or infrequent items: We exclude these items, when applicable, given their discrete, unusual or infrequent nature and their impact on our results for the period.

We believe the exclusion of these items allows investors to better understand and analyze the results for the period as compared to prior periods and expected future trends in our business.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (cont'd)

Adjusted Operating Income and Margin

We calculate and utilize adjusted operating income and margin measures by adjusting our reported pre-tax income and margin amounts. In addition to the costs and expenses noted as adjustments for our adjusted earnings measures, adjusted operating income and margin also exclude the remaining amounts included in Other expenses, net, which are primarily non-financing interest expense and certain other non-operating costs and expenses. We exclude these amounts in order to evaluate our current and past operating performance and to better understand the expected future trends in our business.

Constant Currency

To better understand trends in our business, we believe that it is helpful to adjust revenue to exclude the impact of changes in the translation of foreign currencies into U.S. dollars. We refer to this adjusted revenue as “constant currency.” This impact is calculated by translating current period activity in local currency using the comparable prior year period's currency translation rate. This impact is calculated for all countries where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar. Management believes the constant currency measure provides investors an additional perspective on revenue trends. Currency impact can be determined as the difference between actual growth rates and constant currency growth rates.

Free Cash Flow

To better understand trends in our business, we believe that it is helpful to adjust operating cash flows by subtracting amounts related to capital expenditures. Management believes this measure gives investors an additional perspective on cash flow from operating activities in excess of amounts required for reinvestment. It provides a measure of our ability to fund acquisitions, dividends and share repurchase.

Summary:

Management believes that all of these non-GAAP financial measures provide an additional means of analyzing the current period's results against the corresponding prior period's results. However, these non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the Company's reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures and should be read only in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our management regularly uses our supplemental non-GAAP financial measures internally to understand, manage and evaluate our business and make operating decisions. These non-GAAP measures are among the primary factors management uses in planning for and forecasting future periods. Compensation of our executives is based in part on the performance of our business based on these non-GAAP measures.

A reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures and the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are set forth on the following tables:

Net Income and EPS reconciliation

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021		Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	
	Net Income	EPS	Net Income	EPS
Reported⁽¹⁾	\$ 91	\$ 0.46	\$ 27	\$ 0.11
Adjustments:				
Restructuring and related costs, net	12		3	
Amortization of intangible assets	14		10	
Transaction and related costs, net	-		7	
Non-service retirement-related costs	(22)		(8)	
Income tax on adjustments ⁽²⁾	(1)		(3)	
Adjusted	<u>\$ 94</u>	<u>\$ 0.47</u>	<u>\$ 36</u>	<u>\$ 0.15</u>
Dividends on preferred stock used in adjusted EPS calculation ⁽³⁾	-	\$ 3	-	\$ 3
Weighted average shares for adjusted EPS ⁽³⁾		189		216
Fully diluted shares at June 30, 2021 ⁽⁴⁾		184		

⁽¹⁾ Net income and EPS attributable to Xerox Holdings.

⁽²⁾ Refer to Effective Tax Rate reconciliation.

⁽³⁾ Average shares for the calculation of adjusted diluted EPS for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, excludes 7 million shares associated with our Series A convertible preferred stock and therefore earnings includes the preferred stock dividend.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents common shares outstanding at June 30, 2021 plus potential dilutive common shares used for the calculation of adjusted diluted EPS for the second quarter 2021. The amount excludes shares associated with our Series A convertible preferred stock as they were anti-dilutive for the second quarter 2021.

Effective Tax Rate reconciliation

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021			Three Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Pre-Tax Income	Income Tax Expense	Effective Tax Rate	Pre-Tax Income	Income Tax Expense	Effective Tax Rate
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$ 99	\$ 9	9.1%	\$ 35	\$ 8	22.9%
Non-GAAP Adjustments ⁽²⁾	4	1		12	3	
Adjusted ⁽³⁾	<u>\$ 103</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>	9.7%	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	23.4%

(1) Pre-tax income and income tax expense.

(2) Refer to Net Income and EPS reconciliation for details.

(3) The tax impact on Adjusted Pre-Tax Income is calculated under the same accounting principles applied to the Reported Pre-Tax Income under ASC 740, which employs an annual effective tax rate method to the results.

Operating Income and Margin reconciliation

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021			Three Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	<u>Profit</u>	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Margin</u>	<u>Profit</u>	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Margin</u>
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$ 99	\$ 1,793	5.5%	\$ 35	\$ 1,465	2.4%
Adjustments:						
Restructuring and related costs, net	12			3		
Amortization of intangible assets	14			10		
Transaction and related costs, net	-			7		
Other expenses, net	1			7		
Adjusted	<u>\$ 126</u>	<u>\$ 1,793</u>	7.0%	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 1,465</u>	4.2%

⁽¹⁾ Pre-tax Income.

Free Cash Flow reconciliation

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		
	2021	2020	Change
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$ 214	\$ 34	\$ 180
Less: capital expenditures	<u>(16)</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>3</u>
Free Cash Flow	<u>\$ 198</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ 183</u>

⁽¹⁾ Net cash provided by operating activities.

Other Expenses, net reconciliation

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Reported	\$ 1	\$ 7
Less: Non-service retirement-related costs	(22)	(8)
Adjusted	\$ 23	\$ 15

Free Cash Flow – Guidance

<u>(in millions)</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>
Operating Cash Flow⁽¹⁾	At least \$600
Less: capital expenditures	<u>(100)</u>
Free Cash Flow	<u>At least \$500</u>

⁽¹⁾ *Net cash provided by operating activities.*

Net Income (Loss) and EPS reconciliation – historical

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended December 31, 2019		Q1-20		Q2-20		Q3-20		Q4-20		Year Ended December 31, 2020		Q1-21	
	Net Income	EPS	Net (Loss) Income	EPS	Net Income	EPS	Net Income	EPS	Net Income	EPS	Net Income	EPS	Net Income	EPS
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$ 648	\$ 2.78	\$ (2)	\$ (0.03)	\$ 27	\$ 0.11	\$ 90	\$ 0.41	\$ 77	\$ 0.36	\$ 192	\$ 0.84	\$ 39	\$ 0.18
Restructuring and related costs, net	229		41		3		20		29		93		17	
Amortization of intangible assets	45		11		10		13		22		56		15	
Transaction and related costs, net	12		17		7		(6)		-		18		-	
Non-service retirement-related costs	18		1		(8)		(13)		(9)		(29)		(20)	
Loss on early extinguishment of debt	-		-		-		-		26		26		-	
Contract termination costs - IT services	(12)		3		-		-		-		3		-	
Income tax on adjustments	(77)		(21)		(3)		1		(23)		(46)		(4)	
US Tax Act	(35)		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Adjusted	\$ 828	\$ 3.55	\$ 50	\$ 0.21	\$ 36	\$ 0.15	\$ 105	\$ 0.48	\$ 122	\$ 0.58	\$ 313	\$ 1.41	\$ 47	\$ 0.22
Dividends on preferred stock used in adjusted EPS calculation ⁽²⁾		\$ -		\$ 4		\$ 3		\$ 4		\$ -		\$ 14		\$ 4
Weighted average shares for adjusted EPS ⁽²⁾		233		216		216		213		209		211		198

⁽¹⁾ Net Income (Loss) and EPS from continuing operations attributable to Xerox Holdings.

⁽²⁾ For those periods that exclude the preferred stock dividend the average shares for the calculations of diluted EPS include 7 million shares associated with our Series A convertible preferred stock, as applicable. In addition, adjusted diluted EPS shares for 2020 include 4 million shares for potential dilutive common shares, which are not in the GAAP EPS calculation since it was a loss.

Operating Income and Margin reconciliation – historical

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31, 2019			Q1-20			Q2-20			Q3-20			Q4-20			Year Ended December 31, 2020			Q1-21		
	Profit	Revenue	Margin	(Loss) Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin	Profit	Revenue	Margin
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$ 822	\$ 9,066	9.1%	\$ (5)	\$ 1,860	(0.3%)	\$ 35	\$ 1,465	2.4%	\$ 119	\$ 1,767	6.7%	\$ 103	\$ 1,930	5.3%	\$ 252	\$ 7,022	3.6%	\$ 53	\$ 1,710	3.1%
Adjustments:																					
Restructuring and related costs, net	229			41			3			20			29			93			17		
Amortization of intangible assets	45			11			10			13			22			56			15		
Transaction and related costs, net	12			17			7			(6)			-			18			-		
Other expenses, net	84			23			7			(15)			30			45			4		
Adjusted	<u>\$ 1,192</u>	<u>\$ 9,066</u>	13.1%	<u>\$ 87</u>	<u>\$ 1,860</u>	4.7%	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 1,465</u>	4.2%	<u>\$ 131</u>	<u>\$ 1,767</u>	7.4%	<u>\$ 184</u>	<u>\$ 1,930</u>	9.5%	<u>\$ 464</u>	<u>\$ 7,022</u>	6.6%	<u>\$ 89</u>	<u>\$ 1,710</u>	5.2%

⁽¹⁾ Pre-Tax Income (Loss) and revenue from continuing operations.

Free Cash Flow reconciliation – historical

	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Q1-20	Q2-20	Q3-20	Q4-20	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Q1-21
<i>(in millions, except per share amounts)</i>							
Reported ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,244	\$ 173	\$ 34	\$ 106	\$ 235	\$ 548	\$ 117
Less: capital expenditures	<u>(65)</u>	<u>(23)</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>(18)</u>	<u>(14)</u>	<u>(74)</u>	<u>(17)</u>
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations	<u>\$ 1,179</u>	<u>\$ 150</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ 88</u>	<u>\$ 221</u>	<u>\$ 474</u>	<u>\$ 100</u>

⁽¹⁾ Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations.

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